

EGEM Clay- and sand-pit of othe "Ampe Steenbakkerij N.V."
Description : Dr. S. GEETS

A. Profile at the eastern edge of the pit

0 - 0,9 m : alternation of light-brown, very-fine-sandy, clayey silt, fine sand and very-fine-sandy, coarse-silty clay ;

0,9 - 1,6 m : brown, oxydized, clayey, coarse-silty very fine sand and very fine-sandy, clayey, very fine silt, with distinct horizontal stratification ; sandstone layer at 1,4 m ;

1,6 - 2,4 m : light-brown, very-fine-sandy, clayey coarse silt, oxydized, less distinctly stratified ;

2,4 - 3,0 m : gray, clayey coarse silt, oxydized, strongly micaceous and faintly layered ;

3,0 - 4,0 m : gray, very-fine silty, clayey fine sand, with many coarse glauconite grains ;

4,0 - 4,4 m : fossiliferous, clayey sandstone layer ;

4,4 - 7,0 m : glauconiferous, gray, fine (at the top) till very fine sand, with many fossil fragments ;

7,0 - 7,04 m : light-gray, clayey coarse silt ;

7,04 - 7,5 m : glauconiferous, gray, very fine sand, rich in fossil fragments ;

7,5 - 8,0 m : glauconiferous and micaceous very fine sand, fossileferous at the bottom.

Lithostratigraphical interpretation :

0 - 4,4 m : Gent Formation, sandy-clayey complex (Plc of the Geological Map 1/40.000).

4,4 - 8,0 m : Tielt Formation, top sandy complex (Yd of the Geological Map 1/40.000).

B. Profile in the middle of the quarry, beneath an old exploitation level ; it apparently continues the former one.

0 - 1 m : allochthonous material ;

1 - 2 m : gray-brown, homogenous, badly sorted very fine sand (with brown claybits and fossil fragments) ;

2 - 2,2 m : bedding-out layer (max. 40 cm thick), consisting of horizontal claylayers, alternating with brown, clayey, very fine sand ; at the bottom a sandlayer (5 cm), upon a claylayer ;

2,2 - 2,6 m : gray-brown, well-sorted very fine sand, finely horizontally laminated by alternation of brown and nearly black laminae. Small discontinuous claylayers locally appear ;

2,6 - 2,75 m : alternation of very-fine-sandy clay and very fine sand, locally as cross laminated sets ;

2,75 - 3,65 m : brown, homogeneous, well sorted, very fine sand ;

3,65 - 3,75 m : alternation of laminae very-fine-sandy, coarse-silty clay and very fine sand ;

3,75 - 4,05 m : brown, homogeneous, badly sorted very fine sand ;

4,05 - 4,15 m : compact, very-fine-silty clay-lense, max. 40 cm thick ;

4,15 - 4,25 m : horizontally laminated, badly sorted, very fine sand ;

4,25 - 4,35 m : brown, clayey, coarse silty, very fine sand.

Both layers wedge out in southern direction :

4,35 - 5,05 m : horizontally laminated, badly sorted, very fine sand.

5,05 - 5,45 m : moderately sorted very fine sand, with fossil fragments ;

5,45 - 5,8 m : gray, homogenous, partly finely laminated, well sorted, very fine sand.

Lithostratigraphic interpretation :

1 - 5,8 m : Tielt Formation, top sandy complex (Yd of the Geological Map 1/40.000).

C. Profile at the northern edge, near the bottom of the clay-pit

0 - 2 m : homogenous, very badly sorted, very fine sand, with plant fragments at the top ;

2 - 7 m : darkgreen, clayey very fine sand with fossil fragments ;

7 - 8 m : green, clayey, coarse-silty very fine sand ;

8 - 9 m : grey-blue, coarse-silty clay with fossil fragments ;

9 - 10 m : grey-blue, rudely stratified, very-fine-sandy, coarse-silty clay ;

11- 12 m : grey-blue, coarse-silty clay.

Lithostratigraphic interpretation

0 - 12 m : Tielt Formation, top sandy complex ; (silty facies from 7 m on) Yd of the Geological Map 1/40.000)

Marke

Not far from the claypit a borehole has been effectuated till -40 m ; as in the upper part of this will the same sediments occur as in the exposure, the total column gives a more complete sequence of the sedimentation history in this place.

The sampling and a detailed description has been carried out by Prof. G. De Moor. The grain-size distribution is given in fig...

Short description

0 - 0,5 m : light-brown, clayey loam ;

0,5 - 4,5 m : light-brown~~gray~~ to -blue~~gray~~, micaceous, very-fine-silty clay, with gypsum cristals at the base,

4,5 - 11 m : blue-gray, (clayey) coarse to fine silt, with black humic spots, small pyritic veins, fossil fragments ; same fine laminations ;

11 - 20 m : dark blue-gray, (clayey) medium to very fine silt, micaceous, finely laminated ; dispersed fossil fragments, sometimes concentrated in layers (many *Turritella*) ;

20 - 31 m : blue-gray, clayey very fine silt, upwards passing into clayey, coarse to medium silt, rich in fossil fragments, sometimes concentrated in layers ; pyritic veins ;

31 - 40 m : dark blue-grey, (clayey) coarse to medium silt, micaceous, with fossil fragments, coarse glauconite grains and pyritic spots.

Lithostratigraphic interpretation :

0 - 0,5 m : Quaternary

0,5 - 4,5 m : Kortrijk Formation, Aalbeke Member

4,5 - 40 m : Kortrijk Formation, Moen Member

Egern.

Scenkrabberg m w

Clay - and sand-pit of the "Anger

Tielt : G. W. M.

A. Profile at the eastern edge of the pit.

0 - 0,9 m: alternation of light-brown, very-fine-sandy, clayey silt, fine sand and very-fine-sandy, coarse-silty clay;

0,9 - 1,6 m: brown, calcisole; clayey, coarse-silt very fine sand, or very-fine-sandy, clayey, very fine silt, with distinct horizontal stratification; dolomite layer at 1,4 m;

1,6 - 2,4 m: light-brown, very-fine-sandy, clayey coarse silt, calcisole, less distinctly stratified;

2,4 - 3,0 m: gray, clayey coarse silt, calcisole, strongly micaceous and finely layered;

3,0 - 4,0 m: gray, very-fine silt, clayey finesand, with many coarse glauconite grains; 4,0 - 4,4 m: fossiliferous, clayey dolomite layer;

4,4 - 7,0 m: glauconiferous, gray, fine (at the top) till very fine sand, with many fossil fragments; 7,0 - 7,0 light-gray, clayey coarse silt;

7,0 - 7,5 m: glauconiferous, gray, very fine sand, rich in fossil fragments;

7,5 - 8,0 m: glauconiferous and micaceous very fine sand, fossiliferous at the bottom

clay

Geological interpretation:

0 - 4,4 m: Gant Formation, sandy-clayey complex (part of the Geological Map 1/40000).

4,4 - 8,0 m: Tielt Formation, top sandy complex Nd of the Geological Map 1/40.000).

B. Profile in the middle of the quarry, located on old exploitation level; it apparently continues the former one.

0 - 1 m: allochthonous material;

1 - 2 m: gray-brown, homogeneous, badly sorted very fine sand (with brown clayflocs and ferric fragments);

2 - 2,2 m: weathering - are larger (max. 40 cm thick), consisting of horizontal claylayers, alternating with brown, clayey, very fine sand; at the bottom a sandlayer (5 cm), upon a claylayer,

2,2 - 2,6 m: gray-brown, well-sorted very fine sand, finely horizontally laminated by alternation of brown and nearly black laminae. Small discontinuous claylayers locally appear.

2,6 - 2,75 m: alternation of very-fine - rarely clay and very fine sand, locally as cross laminated sets;

2,75 - 3,65 m: brown, homogeneous, well-sorted, very fine sand;

3,65 - 3,75 m: alternation of laminae very-fine - rarely, coarse-silty clay and very fine sand;

3,75 - 4,05 m: brown, homogeneous, badly sorted very fine sand;

4,05 - 4,13 m: compact, very-fine-silty clay - dense, max. 40 cm thick;

4,15 - 4,25 m: horizontally laminated, badly sorted, very fine sand;

4,25 - 4,35 m: brown, clayey, coarse silty, very fine sand.

Both layers wedge out in southern direction;

4,35 - 5,05 m: horizontally laminated, basally sandal,
very fine sand;

5,05 - 5,45 m: moderately sorted very fine sand,
rich fossil fragments;

5,45 - 5,8 m: gray, homogeneous, poorly finely
laminated, well sorted, very fine sand.

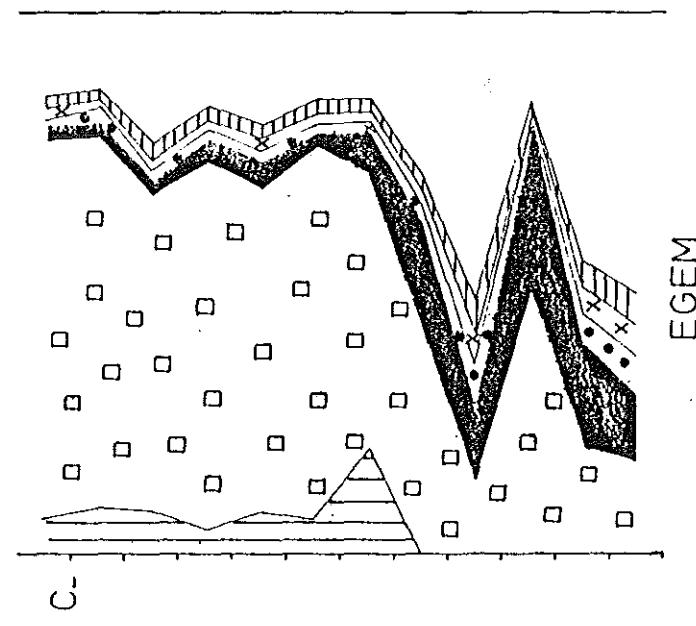
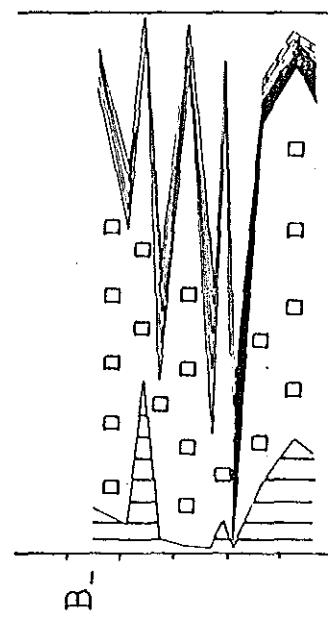
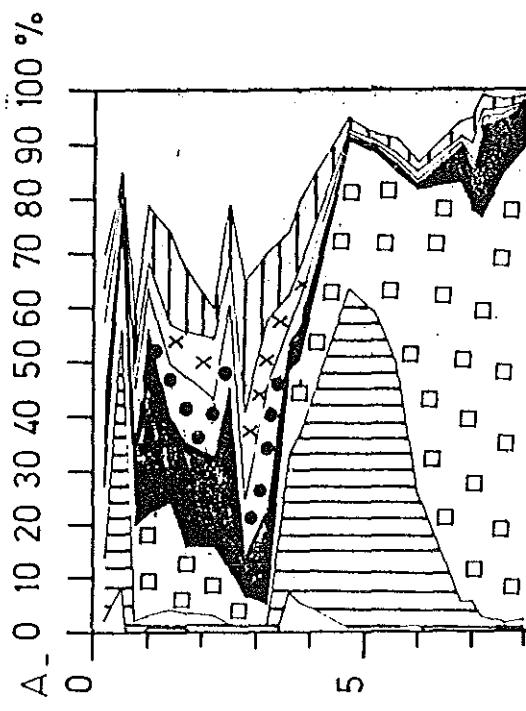
ditch

Stratigraphic interpretation:

- 1 - 5,6 m: Tiel Formation, top sandal complex
(Yd of the Geological Map 1/40.000).
- Profile at the northern edge, near the bottom
of the clay-pit:
 - 0 - 2 m: Homogeneous, very tracey sandal, very fine sand, with plant fragments at the top;
 - 2 - 4 m: darkgreen, clayey very fine sand with
fossil fragments;
 - 4 - 8 m: green, clayey - coarse-silty very fine
sand;
 - 8 - 9 m: grey - blue, coarse-silty clay with
fossil - fragments;
 - 9 - 10 m: grey - blue, coarse-silty very fine sand;
 - 10 - 11 m: grey - blue, moderately stratified, very -
fine - sandal; coarse - silty clay;
 - 11 - 12 m: grey - blue, coarse - silty clay.

Stratigraphic interpretation:

- 0 - 1,2 m: Tiel Formation, top sandal complex;
clayey facies from 7 m on) (Yd of the
Geological Map 1/40.000).



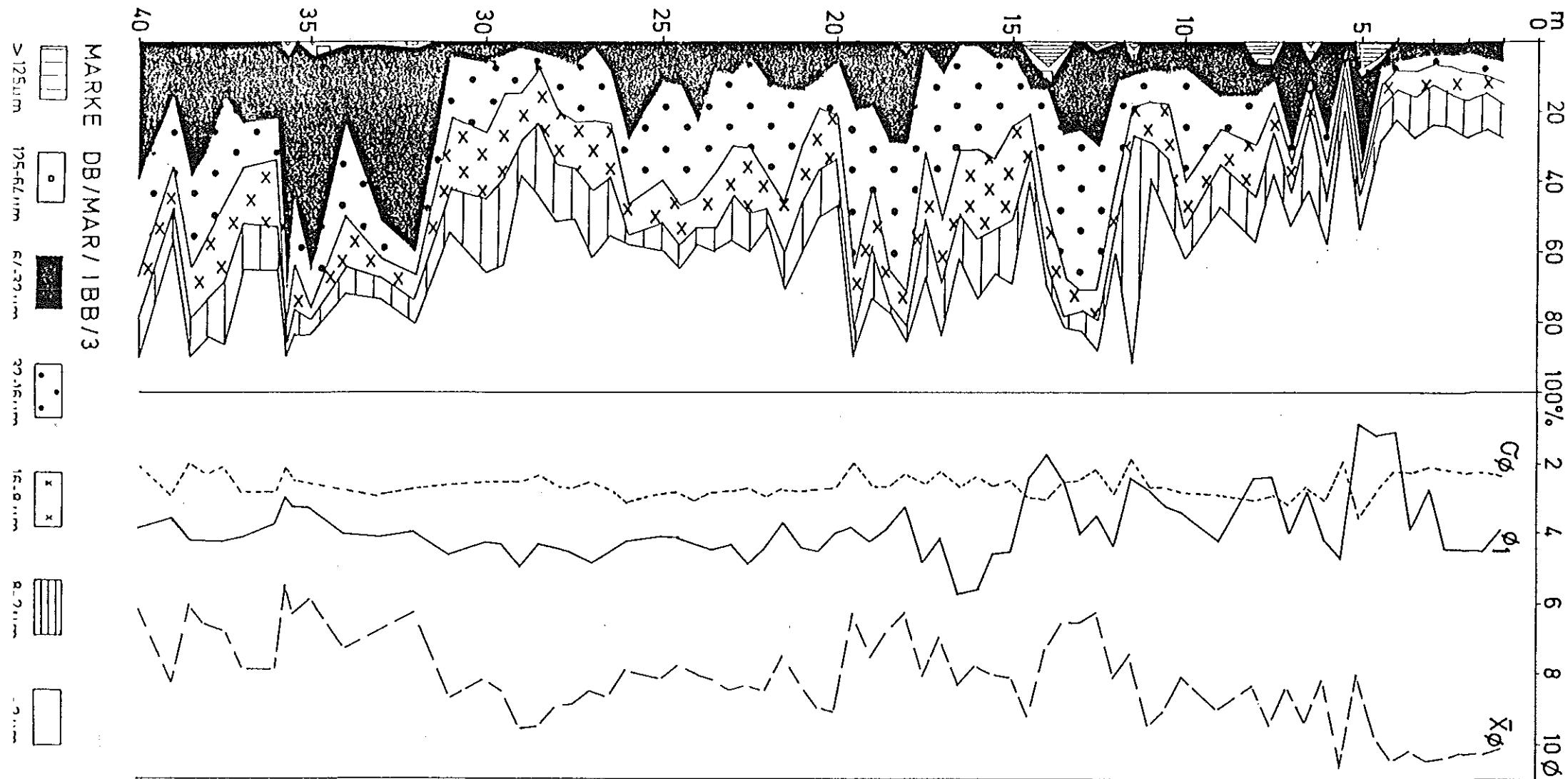


Fig. 4. Grain-size distribution of the sediments in the Marke borehole by S. GEETS.

Not far from the claypit a borehole has been effaceded till - 40 m; as in the upper part of this well the same sediments occur as in the exposures, the total column gives a more complete sequence of the sedimentation history in this place.

The sampling and a skeletal description has been carried out by Prof. G. De Moor. The grain-size distribution is given in fig. 11. . .

Short description:

- 0 - 0,5 m: light-brown, clayey loam;
- 0,5 - 4,5 m: light-browngray to - bluegray, micaceous, very-fine-silty clay, with gypsum crystals at the base;
- 4,5 - 11 m: blue-gray, (clayey) coarse to fine silt, with black humic spots, small pyritic veins, fossil fragments; some fine laminations;
- 11 - 20 m: dark blue-gray, (clayey) medium to very fine silt, micaceous, finely laminated; disperse fossil fragments, sometimes concentrated in layers (many Turritella);
- 20 - 31 m: blue-gray, clayey very fine silt, upwards passing into clayey, coarse to medium silt, micaceous, rich in fossil fragments, sometimes concentrated in layers; pyritic veins;
- 31 - 40 m: dark blue-gray, (clayey) coarse to medium silt, micaceous, rich fossil fragments, coarse glauconite grains and pyritic

4.-

1. Zeef-textuur : aanwezigheid van overvloedige inklusies binnen grote sponsachtige kristallen.
- m. Protoklastische of autoklastische textuur : gegrانулиerde en afgeronde korrels, door voortvloeien van magma voor de totale konsolidatie.

4,5 - 40 m - 54

0,5 - 4,5 m : 0,5'0

0 ~ 0,5 m : 0

dichtklaagrijke inklusies

12/2008